

CLKscrew: Exposing the Perils of Security-Oblivious Energy Management [1]



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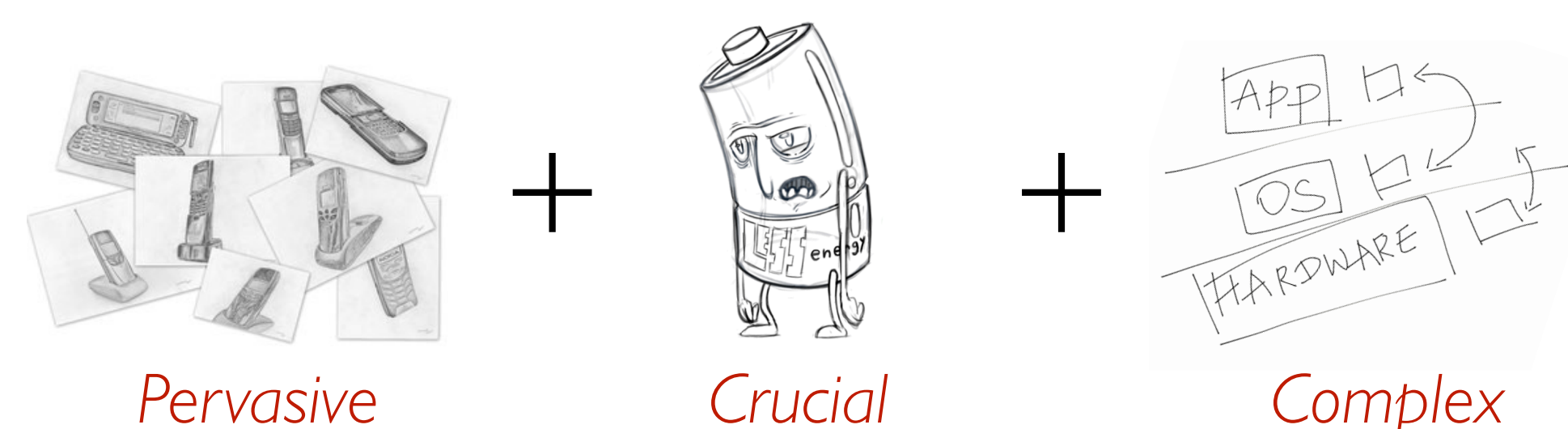
Salvatore Stolfo

Contributions to Research & Industry

- **New attack vector** that exploits energy management
- **Practical attack** on trusted computed on ARM devices
- **Impact** hundred of millions of deployed devices
- **Call-to-action** for existing and future energy management designs to be security-aware

Why scrutinize Energy Management?

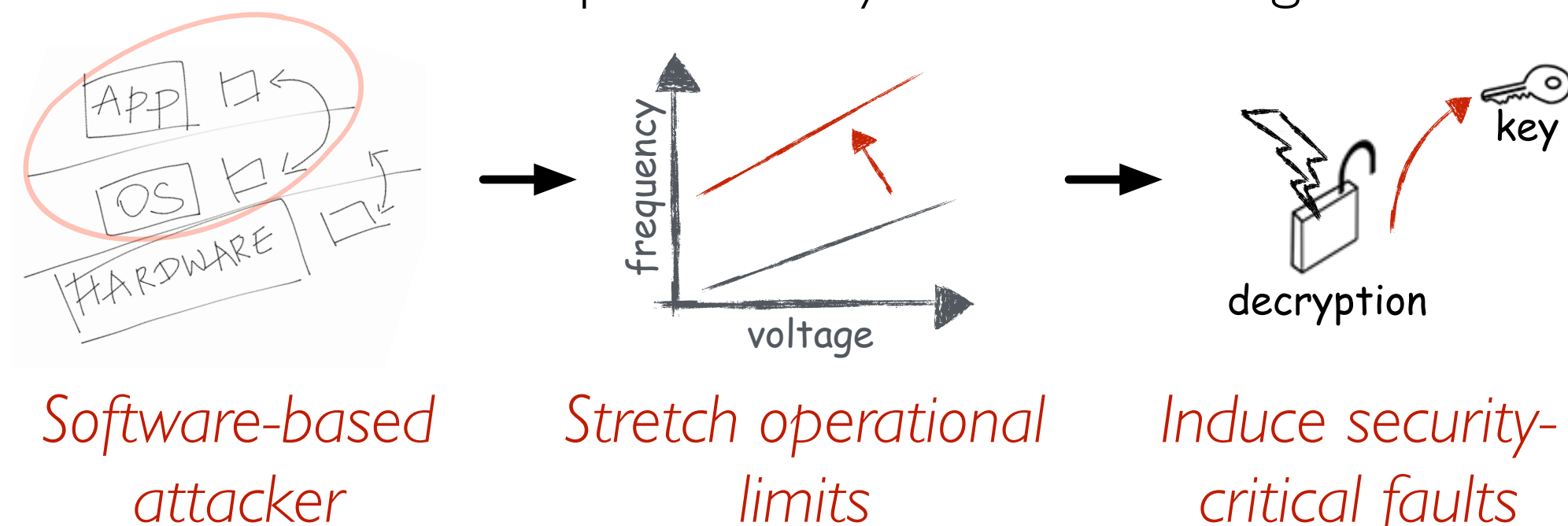
Today's systems cannot exist without **energy management**.



A perfect storm for security

The CLKscrew Attack

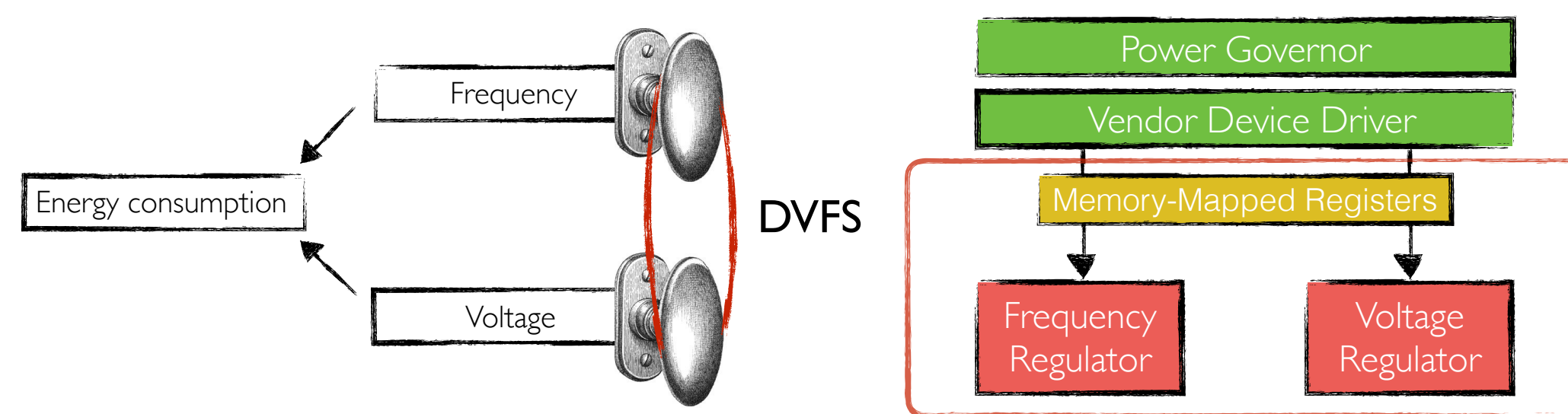
Not a hardware or software bug.
Root cause: Multiple security-oblivious design issues



Exploit software interfaces of energy management designs to induce faults

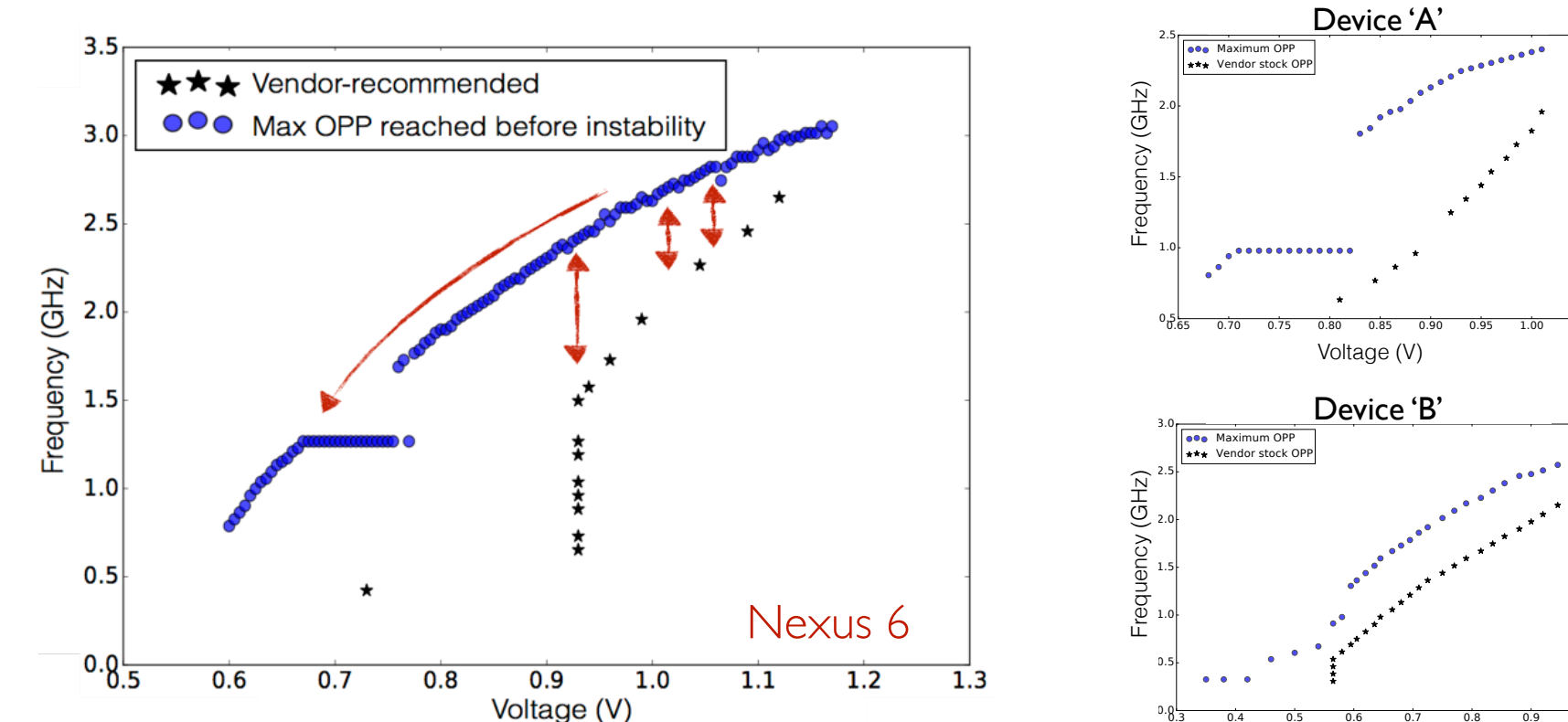
DVFS Hardware/Software Support

Dynamic Voltage and Frequency Scaling (DVFS)
Operating frequency and voltage can be configured via memory-mapped registers from software.

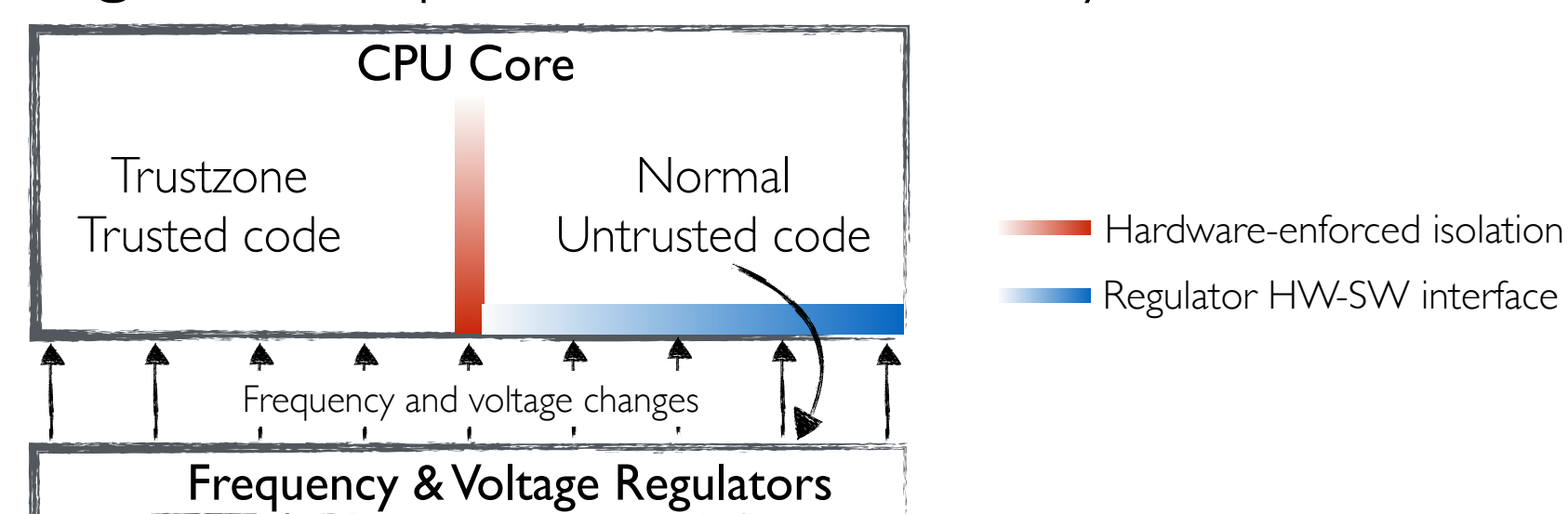


Design issues that enable attack vector

1 No safeguard limits in the hardware regulators



2 Regulators operate across security boundaries



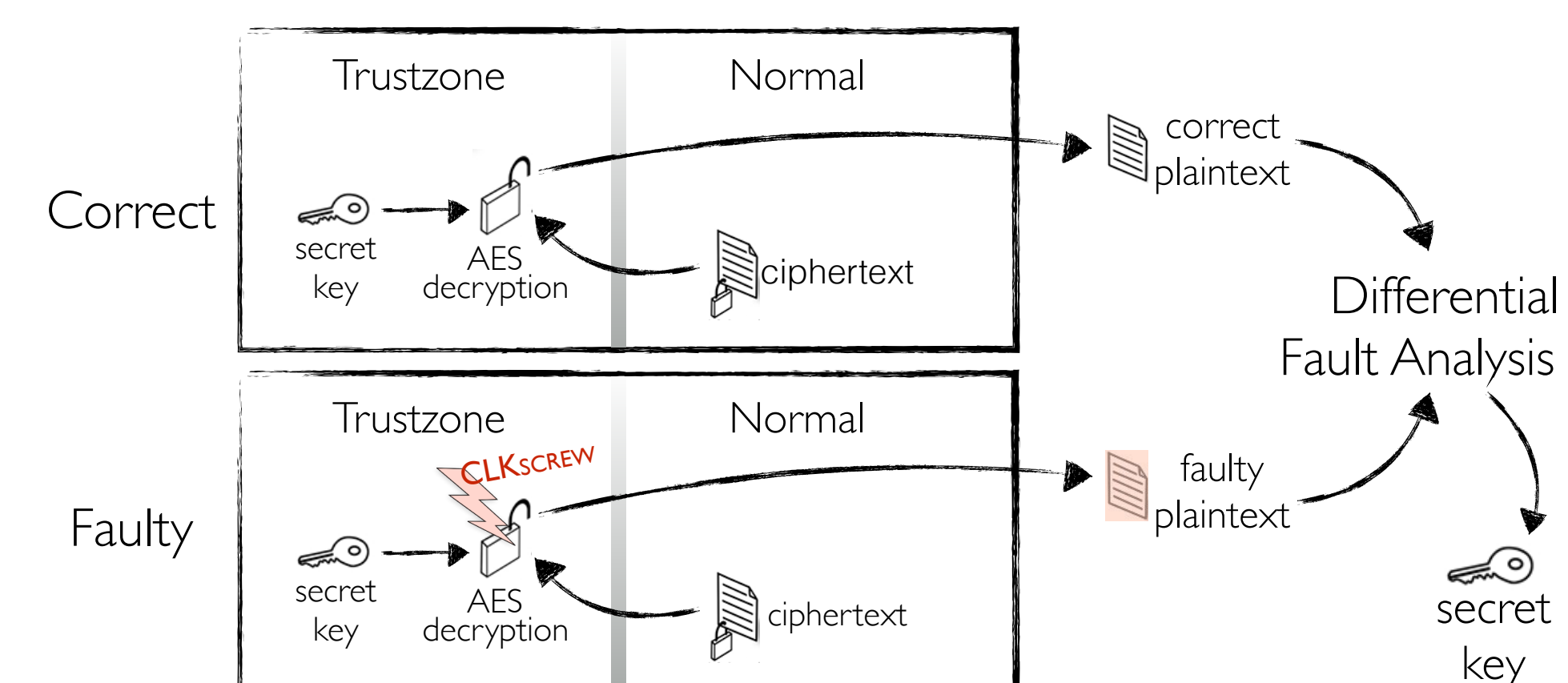
3 Separate per-core frequency domains

→ Isolate effects of cross-core fault attacks

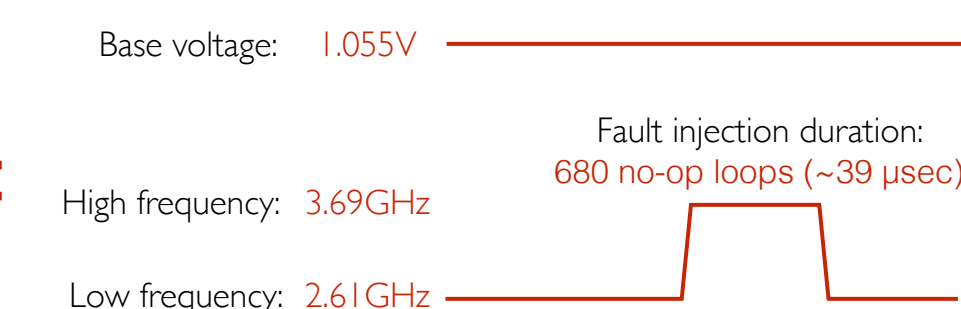
4 Trustzone code execution can be profiled with hardware cycle counter from outside Trustzone

Confidentiality Attack: AES Key Inference

Attack: Infer secret AES key stored in Trustzone
Key idea: Induce a fault at runtime during AES decryption
→ Infer key from a pair of correct and faulty AES output



Attack parameters:

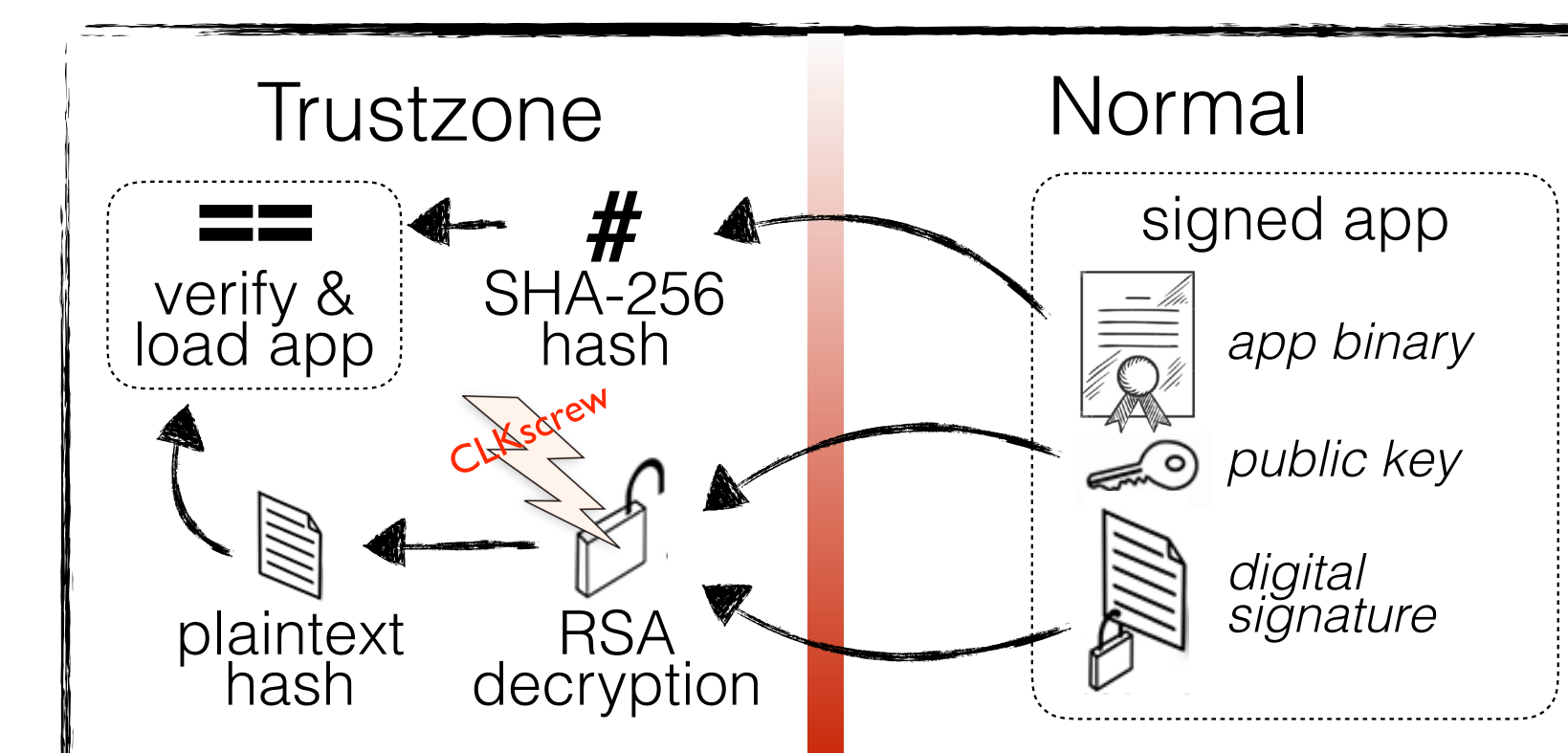


Results:

- ~20 faulting attempts to induce one-byte corruption in 7th AES round
- ~12min on a 2.7GHz quad-core to generate 3650 key hypotheses

Integrity Attack: Bypass RSA Signature Check

Attack: Load self-signed apps into Trustzone
Key idea: Inject fault at runtime during RSA decryption
→ Corrupt original RSA modulus into factorizable attacker modulus
→ Craft and load self-signed binary using corrupted RSA modulus



[1] CLKscrew: Exposing the Perils of Security-Oblivious Energy Management. A. Tang, S. Sethumadhavan and S. Stolfo. USENIX Security 2017.